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Anno Decimo Georgii Regis.

An Act to prevent Multiplicity of Profecutions upon an Act made in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of His late Majeſty King William the Third (Intituled, An Act for the more effectual employing the Poor, by encouraging the Manufactures of this Kingdom.)

WHereas by an Act, made in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of His late Majeſty King William the Third of Glorious Memory, Intituled, [*An Act for the more effectual employing the Poor, by encouraging the Manufactures of this Kingdom*] It is, amongſt other things Enacted, That all Wrought Silks, Bengals, and Stuffs mixed with Silk or Herba of the Manufacture of Perſia, China, or Eaſt India, and all Callicoes painted, dyed, printed, or ſtained there, whether the ſame ſhall be mixed, ſewed, or made up together for Sale, with any other Goods or Materials, or otherwiſe, which from and after the 29th Day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and one, ſhall be found in any Houſe, Shop or Warehouſe, or other Place whatſoever (other than in ſuch Warehouſes, as ſhall be approved of by the Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Cuſtoms,) ſhall be forfeited, and ſubject and liable to be ſearched for and ſeized; in which ſaid Act it is provided, that the Powers therein ſhall not extend to any ſuch Silks, Bengals, Stuffs, or Callicoes, which ſhall have been made up and uſed in any ſort of Apparel or Furniture before the ſaid Twenty Ninth Day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and one: And whereas ſeveral Perſons have, ſince the ſaid Twenty ninth Day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and one, inadvertently made up and uſed the ſaid prohibited Goods in Furniture and Houſhold-Stuff, believing the ſaid Act extended to Apparel only, and thereby have ſubjected themſelves to the Penalties of the ſaid Act: For Remedy whereof, and preventing the numberleſs Proſecutions that might happen from ſuch Inadvertency, Be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid recited Act, or any thing therein contained, ſhall not extend to any Silks, Bengals, or Stuffs, mixed with Silk or Herba, or Painted, Dyed, Printed, or Stained Callicoes, manufactured in Perſia, China, or Eaſt-India, which were made up, or uſed in Furniture or Houſhold-Stuff before the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty two; any thing in the ſaid recited Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Stockholm, April 15. The King of Sweden has lately been ſomewhat indiſpoſed, but his Majeſty's Health is now perfectly recovered. Letters from Moſcow of the 20th of the laſt Month ſay the Duke of Holſtein had been there eight or ten Days, but that the Czar was ſtill at Olonitz, and was not expected at Moſcow till the latter end of the Month. Major General Arnold, the King of Denmark's Envoy at this Court, had Audience of Leave of the King and Queen of Sweden the 10th Inſtant, and intends on the 18th to ſet out from hence on his Return to Copenhagen. The King of Spain has notified to his Swediſh Majeſty his Acceſſion to that Crown by the voluntary Reſignation of the King his Father; upon which Letters of Congratulation, as uſual, are ſent from this Court to his Catholick Majeſty.

Paris, May 10, *N. S.* The Prince de Soubiſe died the 6th Inſtant of the Small-Pox, very much lamented; he has left three Sons and a Daughter, and the Princeſs his Widow is big with Child. The Count de Clermont, youngeſt Brother to the Duke of Bourbon, is ill, and it is feared it will prove to be of the ſame Diſtemper. The Biſhop of Treguier in Britany died lately at his See. The Abbot Tancin, who has for ſome time had the Care of the French Affairs at the Court of Rome, is nominated to ſucceed to the Archbiſhoprick of Embrun, lately vacant by the Death of the laſt Archbiſhop. On the 5th Inſtant were publiſhed Letters Patents for Authoriſing the Parliament of Paris to take Cognizance of and inquire into the Aſſaſſination of M. Guillomiere, an Officer of the Army, which was committed in February laſt: Theſe Letters Patents ſet forth, that as this enormous Crime might in ſome meaſure have been occaſioned by the Impunity, for want of Proſecution, of three preceding Murders, viz. of one Gazan de la Combe in the Year 1718, who was found ſtrangled in the Houſe of one La Barre; of M. Sandier Receiver-General of the Finances of Flanders, whoſe Body was on the 17th of April 1722, found in the River Seine, with two Wounds by a Sword; and of a Servant to the Farmer of Malmaiſon near Ruel; it was thought the moſt effectual way to have the Aſſaſſins detected and puniſhed, was to remove the Proceedings from the Courts of Juſtice, where they were cognizable by Reaſon of the reſpective Places where they had been committed, and to bring them to Tryal before the Parliament.

Whereas two Letters have been lately ſent to his Grace the Lord Archbiſhop of Canterbury, ſigned T. S. *If the Perſon who wrote thoſe Letters will come to the ſaid Archbiſhop, and make out the Contents of them, he ſhall receive all proper Encouragement.*

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